

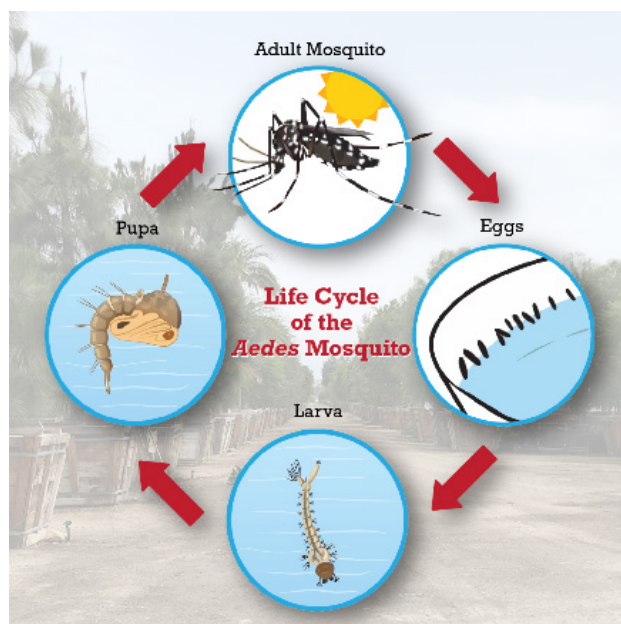


Invasive Mosquitoes are in Your Community and We Need Your Help

A new type of mosquito—invasive *Aedes*—are in your neighborhood, and they like to bite! These mosquitoes are not normally found in California, so they don't thrive in natural areas, but they live and thrive in cities and can be an extreme nuisance. Controlling these mosquitoes will not harm the ecosystem, but WILL help prevent pesky mosquito bites and the possible spread of diseases to people such as Zika, dengue, chikungunya, and yellow fever.

Aedes mosquitoes live in urban environments and often in people's backyards and patios—areas where mosquito and vector control districts can't easily inspect. **That's where you come in!** Be on the lookout for:

- ✓ Small, black mosquitoes with white stripes (about 1/4 inch long)
- ✓ Mosquitoes that bite during the day and at night—even indoors!
- ✓ Mosquito larvae (wigglers) swimming in stagnant water
- ✓ Eggs that look like tiny black seeds found on the insides of water containers



Aedes albopictus (Asian Tiger Mosquito)



Aedes notoscriptus (Australian Backyard Mosquito)



Aedes aegypti (Yellow Fever Mosquito)



Aedes aegypti mosquito eggs



Aedes notoscriptus mosquito larvae

What can you do about *Aedes* mosquitoes?

✓ Wear insect repellent that contains DEET, picaridin, IR3535 or oil of lemon eucalyptus.

To keep mosquitoes from biting, wear insect repellent on your clothes and exposed skin, especially legs and ankles, when you are outside, **even during the day**.

- Repellents with a higher percentage of active ingredient (20% or 30% DEET) usually work for longer periods of time
- EPA-registered repellent is safe for pregnant women and children—be sure to follow the label instructions before using
- When going outside during the day, it's important to apply insect repellent **after** applying sunscreen
- Keep a can of repellent handy in your home so you remember to use it before going outside

✓ Dump and drain any standing water in or around your home.

Aedes mosquitoes are “container breeders,” which means they prefer to lay their eggs on the inside of containers filled with water or on stems of plants growing in water. These eggs can survive for YEARS (even if they dry up) and will hatch if they come in contact with water again. *Aedes* mosquitoes will lay eggs in a container as small as a bottlecap.

- Prevent water from accumulating in containers such as plant pots, saucers, barrels, bins, buckets, and old tires. It is important to store them inside, remove them, drain them weekly, or drill holes so that water will drain out
- Keep pet dishes, bird baths, and kiddie pools scrubbed and clean
- Cover outdoor trash cans, toys, and recycle bins, and keep items that could hold water out of the rain and away from sprinklers
- Be sure rain barrels are properly sealed since mosquitoes can lay thousands of eggs inside them

✓ Keep your home and property mosquito-free.

- Install screens on windows and doors and keep them in good repair
- Fix outdoor leaking faucets and broken sprinklers
- Clean rain gutters clogged with leaves

✓ Don't transport or share plants with stems rooted in water because they could be home to mosquito eggs.

- Don't move bromeliads with water in them
- Wipe down plant pots and saucers before moving them

✓ Call your local mosquito and vector control district if you see or are bitten by small, black-and-white mosquitoes during the day and need assistance with invasive *Aedes*.

You can find contact information at www.mvcac.org.

Mosquito control districts are working to develop new ways to control *Aedes* mosquitoes because some mosquitoes are developing resistance to commonly used insecticides. There are several innovative techniques that are being considered, but regulatory support and funding is needed to sustain these efforts. You can learn about [innovative methods to control mosquitoes](https://www.mvcac.org/vectors-and-public-health/faqs/) at <https://www.mvcac.org/vectors-and-public-health/faqs/> — look for the fact sheet under the Vector Control Strategies section.